1. SCHOOL SCENARIOS
HOW TO HANDLE EXPOSURE TO COVID-19

SCENARIO 1A. A HEALTHY STUDENT OR STAFF MEMBER HAS BEEN EXPOSED TO A PERSON WITH CONFIRMED COVID-19 WITHIN THEIR HOUSEHOLD

**SCHOOL**

Send individual home (if not home already).

Record the date school became aware and excluded the individual.

**EXPOSED PERSON**

Quarantine at home for 14 days after date of last exposure to the COVID-19 positive contact. If additional household members become ill with COVID-19, or if the exposed person cannot avoid continued close contact, the length of quarantine may be >14 days.

If exposed person becomes ill during quarantine, see SCENARIO 2B

**HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS**

Siblings should also quarantine at home for 14 days after date of last exposure to the COVID-19 positive contact. If additional household members become ill with COVID-19, or if the exposed person cannot avoid continued close contact, the length of quarantine may be >14 days.

If exposed sibling becomes ill during quarantine, see SCENARIO 2B

Including siblings (if ill person is a student)

SCENARIO 1B. A HEALTHY STUDENT OR STAFF MEMBER HAS BEEN EXPOSED TO A PERSON WITH CONFIRMED COVID-19 OUTSIDE OF THEIR HOUSEHOLD

**SCHOOL**

Send individual home (if not home already).

Record the date school became aware and excluded the individual.

**EXPOSED PERSON**

Quarantine at home for 14 days after date of last exposure to the COVID-19 positive contact.

If exposed person becomes ill during quarantine, see SCENARIO 2B

**HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS**

If siblings were not exposed to the person with confirmed COVID-19: they may continue school attendance as long as exposed sibling remains healthy.

Including siblings (if ill person is a student)

See CDC for quarantine scenario examples.
2. SCHOOL SCENARIOS
HOW TO HANDLE COVID-19 ILLNESS

SCENARIO 2A. A STUDENT OR STAFF MEMBER BECOMES ILL WITH COVID-19 SYMPTOMS*. ILL PERSON HAS NO KNOWN COVID-19 CONTACTS IN PAST 14 DAYS.

SCHOOL
Send student or staff home.

ILL PERSON
Seek testing from healthcare provider. If individual does not have a provider and needs assistance finding a testing site https://govstatus.egov.com/or-oha-covid-19-testing or call 211.

If the ill person has a negative COVID-19 viral test, see SCENARIO 3A
If the ill person does not get tested for COVID-19, see SCENARIO 4A
If the ill person has a positive COVID-19 viral test, see SCENARIO 5A

HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS
All healthy siblings may continue school attendance while ill student is evaluated for COVID-19 infection.

Including siblings (if ill person is a student)

SCENARIO 3A
If the ill person has a negative COVID-19 viral test, see SCENARIO 3A

SCENARIO 4A
If the ill person does not get tested for COVID-19, see SCENARIO 4A

SCENARIO 5A
If the ill person has a positive COVID-19 viral test, see SCENARIO 5A

SCENARIO 2B. A STUDENT OR STAFF MEMBER BECOMES ILL WITH COVID-19 SYMPTOMS*. ILL PERSON WAS IN CLOSE CONTACT WITH SOMEONE WITH HAS COVID-19 IN PAST 14 DAYS.

SCHOOL
Send student or staff home. The ill person is a “presumptive case,” due to recent contact with a COVID-19 case.

ILL PERSON
Seek testing from healthcare provider. If individual does not have a provider and needs assistance finding a testing site https://govstatus.egov.com/or-oha-covid-19-testing or call 211.

If the ill person has a negative COVID-19 viral test, see SCENARIO 3B
If the ill person does not get tested for COVID-19, see SCENARIO 4B
If the ill person has a positive COVID-19 viral test, see SCENARIO 5B

HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS
All healthy siblings should be sent home while ill student is evaluated for COVID-19 infection.

Including siblings (if ill person is a student)

SCENARIO 3B
If the ill person has a negative COVID-19 viral test, see SCENARIO 3B

SCENARIO 4B
If the ill person does not get tested for COVID-19, see SCENARIO 4B

SCENARIO 5B
If the ill person has a positive COVID-19 viral test, see SCENARIO 5B

*Primary COVID-19 symptoms: cough, fever (temperature greater than 100.4°F or chills), shortness of breath, or difficulty breathing
SCENARIO 3A. AN ILL STUDENT OR STAFF MEMBER HAS A NEGATIVE COVID-19 VIRAL TEST. ILL PERSON HAS NO KNOWN COVID-19 CONTACTS IN PAST 14 DAYS.

**SCHOOL**
Send individual home (if not home already).

**ILL PERSON**
Isolate at home until 24 hours after fever is resolved, without use of fever-reducing medicine, and symptoms are improving.

**HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS**
Healthy siblings may continue school attendance.

Including siblings (if ill person is a student)
SCENARIO 3B. AN ILL STUDENT OR STAFF MEMBER HAS A NEGATIVE COVID-19 VIRAL TEST. ILL PERSON WAS IN CLOSE CONTACT WITH SOMEONE WITH HAS COVID-19 IN PAST 14 DAYS.

SCHOOL

- Send student/staff home, if not already isolated. The ill person is a “presumptive case,” due to recent contact with a COVID-19 case.
- School nurse or designated staff contact LPHA to confirm case and to begin collaboration on contact tracing.
- Document on cohort logs when 6 feet physical distancing was not maintained during school day.
- Provide cohort logs to LPHA, to assist with identifying exposed individuals.
- If LPHA determines an entire cohort requires quarantine, follow Common Communication protocol.

LPHA

- Confirm that “presumptive case” was exposed to a confirmed case.
- Work with school to review cohort logs to identify exposed individuals.
- Review if 6 feet physical distancing was consistently maintained during school day. Identify exposed contacts.
- If cannot confirm that 6 feet distancing was consistently maintained during school day, recommend to cohort quarantine.
- Notify exposed contacts to initiate quarantine period.

ILL PERSON

- Even though the COVID-19 test was negative, the ill person is considered a “presumptive case” because of recent close contact and the negative test may be a false negative viral test.
- Ill person should isolate at home for 10 days since symptoms first appeared, and until 24 hours after fever is resolved, without use of fever-reducing medicine, and other symptoms are improving.

EXPOSED PERSON

- Refer to SCENARIO 1
- If student rides school district transportation (not public transit) for transportation and bus ride is >15 minutes, all students on bus should be considered an exposed cohort. Including siblings (if ill person is a student)

HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS

- All healthy siblings must quarantine at home. Refer to SCENARIO 1A

Local Public Health Authority

Refer to Scenario 1
SCENARIO 4A. AN ILL STUDENT OR STAFF MEMBER DOES NOT GET TESTED WITH A COVID-19 VIRAL TEST. ILL PERSON HAS NO KNOWN COVID-19 CONTACTS IN PAST 14 DAYS.

**SCHOOL**
- Send individual home (if not home already).

**ILL PERSON**
- If the ill person has respiratory symptoms, isolate at home for 10 days and until 24 hours after fever is resolved, without use of fever-reducing medicine, and other symptoms are improving.
- If no alternative diagnosis is identified as the cause of the person’s illness, the ill person should isolate at home for 10 days and until 24 hours after fever is resolved, without use of fever-reducing medicine, and other symptoms are improving.
- If a clear alternative non-respiratory diagnosis is identified by a healthcare provider as the cause of the person’s illness (e.g., a positive urine culture in a febrile child), then usual disease-specific return-to-school guidance should be followed and person should be fever-free for 24 hours, without use of fever-reducing medicine.

**HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS**
- Including siblings (if ill person is a student)
- If no alternative diagnosis is identified by a healthcare provider as the cause of the person’s illness, then all household members should quarantine at home. Refer to SCENARIO 1A
- If a clear alternative non-respiratory diagnosis is identified by a healthcare provider as the cause of the person’s illness (e.g., a positive urine culture in a febrile child), then all healthy siblings may continue school attendance.

A healthcare provider note is required for return to school before 10 days of isolation, ensuring that the person is no longer contagious.
SCENARIO 4B. AN ILL STUDENT OR STAFF MEMBER DOES NOT GET TESTED WITH A COVID-19 VIRAL TEST, AND A CLEAR ALTERNATIVE NON-RESPIRATORY DIAGNOSIS IS NOT IDENTIFIED. ILL PERSON WAS IN CLOSE CONTACT WITH SOMEONE WHO HAD COVID-19 IN PAST 14 DAYS.

**SCHOOL**
- Send individual home (if not home already). The ill person is a “presumptive case,” due to recent contact with a COVID-19 case.
- School nurse or designated staff contact LPHA to confirm case and to begin collaboration on contact tracing.
- After confirming “presumptive positive” case, use Common Communication protocol to notify class/cohort/staff that LPHA is aware of COVID-19 case, and will assist in determining and notifying exposed individuals.
- Document on cohort logs when 6 feet physical distancing was not maintained during school day.
- Provide cohort logs to LPHA, to assist with identifying exposed individuals.
- If LPHA determines an entire cohort requires quarantine, follow Common Communication protocol.

**LPHA**
- Confirm that “presumptive case” was exposed to a confirmed case.
- Work with school to review cohort logs to identify exposed individuals.
- Review if 6 feet physical distancing was consistently maintained during school day. Identify exposed contacts.
- If cannot confirm that 6 feet distancing was consistently maintained during school day, recommend to cohort quarantine.
- Notify exposed contacts to initiate quarantine period.

**ILL PERSON**
- If no alternative diagnosis is identified by a healthcare provider as the cause of the person’s illness, the ill person should isolate at home for 10 days after symptoms first appeared and until 24 hours after fever is resolved, without use of fever-reducing medicine, and other symptoms are improving.
- If an alternative respiratory diagnosis is identified by a healthcare provider as the cause of the person’s illness (e.g., positive influenza test), COVID-19 is still not ruled out. Co-infection is possible. The ill person should isolate at home for 10 days after symptoms first appeared and until 24 hours after fever is resolved, without use of fever-reducing medicine, and other symptoms are improving.

**SCHOOL DISTRICT**
- Collaborate with LPHA to determine if cohort quarantine is indicated.
- Use Common Communication protocol when communicating decision to quarantine the cohort.

**HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS**
- If no alternative diagnosis is identified by a healthcare provider as the cause of the person’s illness, then all household members should quarantine at home for 14 days after their last exposure to the ill sibling. Refer to SCENARIO 1A.
- If an alternative respiratory diagnosis is identified by a healthcare provider, then all household members still require quarantine at home for 14 days after their last exposure to the ill sibling. Refer to SCENARIO 1A.

**EXPOSED PERSON**
- If student rides school district transportation (not public transit) for transportation and bus ride is >15 minutes, all students on bus should be considered an exposed cohort.

Including siblings (if ill person is a student)
**SCENARIO 4C. AN ILL STUDENT OR STAFF MEMBER DOES NOT GET TESTED WITH A COVID-19 VIRAL TEST, AND A CLEAR NON-RESPIRATORY DIAGNOSIS IS IDENTIFIED AS CAUSE OF ILLNESS. ILL PERSON WAS IN CLOSE CONTACT WITH SOMEONE WHO HAD COVID-19 IN PAST 14 DAYS.**

**SCHOOL**
- Send individual home (if not home already). The ill person is not considered a “presumptive case,” due to alternative diagnosis.

**ILL PERSON**
- If a clear alternative non-respiratory diagnosis is identified by a healthcare provider as the cause of the person’s illness (e.g., a positive urine culture in a febrile child), then usual disease-specific return-to-school guidance should be followed. However, this student also requires quarantine, due to recent exposure to COVID-19 case. Person must quarantine at home for 14 days after date of last exposure to the COVID-19 positive contact (refer to **SCENARIO 1**), and meet usual return-to-school guidance for diagnosis.

**HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS**
- If a clear alternative non-respiratory diagnosis is identified by a healthcare provider as the cause of the person’s illness (e.g., a positive urine culture in a febrile child), then all household members may continue school attendance, as long as the family member develops no COVID-19 symptoms during quarantine.

If person develops new COVID-19 symptoms during quarantine, refer to **SCENARIO 2B**.
5. SCHOOL SCENARIOS
HOW TO HANDLE A POSITIVE COVID-19 VIRAL TEST

SCENARIO 5. ONE STUDENT OR STAFF MEMBER HAS A POSITIVE COVID-19 VIRAL TEST

**SCHOOL**
- Send student/staff home, if not already isolated.
- School nurse or designated staff contact LPHA to confirm case and to begin collaboration on contact tracing.
- After confirming positive case, use Common Communication protocol to notify class/cohorts/staff that LPHA is aware of COVID-19 case, and will assist in determining and notifying exposed individuals.
- Document on cohort logs when 6 feet physical distancing was not maintained during school day.
- Provide cohort logs to LPHA, to assist with identifying exposed individuals.
- If LPHA determines an entire cohort requires quarantine, follow Common Communication protocol.

**LPHA**
- Work with school to review cohort logs to identify exposed individuals.
- Review if 6 feet physical distancing was consistently maintained during school day. Identify exposed contacts.
- If cannot confirm that 6 feet distancing was consistently maintained during school day, consider cohort quarantine.
- Notify exposed contacts to initiate quarantine period.

**ILL PERSON**
- Isolate at home for 10 days and until 24 hours after fever is resolved, without use of fever-reducing medicine, and other symptoms are improving.
- A negative viral COVID-19 test is not needed for return to school.

**EXPOSED PERSON**
- Refer to SCENARIO 1
- If student rides school district transportation (not public transit) for transportation and bus ride is >15 minutes, all students on bus should be considered an exposed cohort.
- Including siblings (if ill person is a student)

**SCHOOL DISTRICT**
- Collaborate with LPHA to determine if cohort quarantine is indicated.
- Use Common Communication protocol when communicating decision to quarantine the cohort.

**HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS**
- All healthy siblings must quarantine at home. Refer to SCENARIO 1A

**Local Public Health Authority**
6. SCHOOL SCENARIOS
HOW TO HANDLE MULTIPLE POSITIVE COVID-19 VIRAL TESTS

SCENARIO 6. TWO OR MORE PEOPLE WITHIN SAME COHORT HAVE A POSITIVE COVID-19 VIRAL TEST WITHIN 14 DAYS

**SCHOOL**
- Send student/staff home, if not already isolated.
- School nurse or designated staff contact LPHA to confirm case and to begin collaboration on contact tracing.
- After confirming positive cases with LPHA, use Common Communication protocol to notify class/cohort/staff that LPHA is aware of COVID-19 case, and will assist in determining and notifying exposed individuals.
- Document on cohort logs when 6 feet physical distancing was not maintained during school day.
- Provide cohort logs to LPHA, to assist with identifying exposed individuals.
- If LPHA determines an entire cohort requires quarantine, follow Common Communication protocol.

**LPHA**
- Work with school to review cohort logs to identify exposed individuals.
- Review if 6 feet physical distancing was consistently maintained during school day. Identify exposed contacts.
- If cannot confirm that 6 feet distancing was consistently maintained during school day, consider cohort quarantine.
- Notify exposed contacts to initiate quarantine period.

**ILL PERSONS**
- Isolate at home for 10 days and until 24 hours after fever is resolved, without use of fever-reducing medicine, and other symptoms are improving.
- A negative viral COVID-19 test is not needed for return to school.

**EXPOSED PERSON**
- Refer to SCENARIO 1

**SCHOOL DISTRICT**
- Collaborate with LPHA to determine if cohort quarantine is indicated.
- Use Common Communication protocol when communicating decision to quarantine the cohort.

**HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS**
- All healthy siblings must quarantine at home. Refer to SCENARIO 1A

**ILL PERSONS**
- Local Public Health Authority

**EXPOSED PERSON**
- If student rides school district transportation (not public transit) for transportation and bus ride is >15 minutes, all students on bus should be considered an exposed cohort.
- Including siblings (if ill person is a student)
7. SCHOOL SCENARIOS
HOW TO HANDLE MULTIPLE POSITIVE COVID-19 VIRAL TESTS

**SCENARIO 7. TWO OR MORE PEOPLE WITHIN DIFFERENT COHORTS HAVE A POSITIVE COVID-19 VIRAL TEST WITHIN 14 DAYS**

**SCHOOL**
- Send student/staff home, if not already isolated.
- School nurse or designated staff contact LPHA to confirm case and to begin collaboration on contact tracing.
- Document on cohort logs when 6 feet physical distancing was not maintained during school day.
- Provide cohort logs to LPHA, to assist with identifying exposed individuals.
- If LPHA determines an entire cohort requires quarantine, follow Common Communication protocol.

**LPHA**
- Work with school to review cases and cohort logs.
- If cases are related (e.g., same household, or same exposure source outside of school setting), may not be due to transmission across different cohort.
- Review if 6 feet physical distancing was consistently maintained during school day in each cohort. Identify exposed contacts.
- If cannot confirm that 6 feet distancing was consistently maintained during school day, recommend to quarantine affected cohorts.
- Notify exposed contacts to initiate quarantine period.
- Collaborate with LPHA to determine if cohort quarantine is indicated.
- Use Common Communication protocol when communicating decision to quarantine the cohort.

**ILL PERSONS**
- Isolate at home for 10 days and until 24 hours after fever is resolved, without use of fever-reducing medicine, and other symptoms are improving.
- A negative viral COVID-19 test is not needed for return to school.

**EXPOSED PERSON**
- Refer to **SCENARIO 1**

If student rides school district transportation (not public transit) for transportation and bus ride is >15 minutes, all students on bus should be considered an exposed cohort.

**SCHOOL DISTRICT**
- If cases are unrelated (e.g., not from same household, cannot identify a common source outside of school setting), these may be sporadic cases. Refer to **SCENARIO 5**.
- If the cases are unrelated but have definite exposure to each other during school day (e.g., not assigned to same cohort, but attend same after-school activity), this may be due to transmission during groups outside of cohorts.
- Recommend to quarantine if specific groups can be identified. If specific overlapping groups cannot be identified, recommend quarantine of all affected cohorts.
- Notify exposed contacts to initiate quarantine period.

**HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS**
- All healthy siblings must quarantine at home. Refer to **SCENARIO 1A**

Including siblings (if ill person is a student)